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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/589,958	08/18/2006	Yuichi Idehara	1163-0579PUS1	1060

2292 7590 06/12/2009
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EXAMINER

VO, CECILE H

ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
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2169

NOTIFICATION DATE	DELIVERY MODE
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06/12/2009

ELECTRONIC

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

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Office Action Summary	Application No. 10/589,958	Applicant(s) IDEHARA ET AL.	
	Examiner CECILE VO	Art Unit 2169	

-- The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address --

Period for Reply

A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS SET TO EXPIRE 3 MONTH(S) OR THIRTY (30) DAYS, WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION.

- Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be timely filed after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.
- If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.
- Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, cause the application to become ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133). Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing date of this communication, even if timely filed, may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).

Status

- 1) ☒ Responsive to communication(s) filed on 18 March 2009.
- 2a) ☒ This action is **FINAL**. 2b) ☐ This action is non-final.
- 3) ☐ Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under *Ex parte Quayle*, 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.

Disposition of Claims

- 4) ☒ Claim(s) 1-18 is/are pending in the application.
- 4a) Of the above claim(s) _____ is/are withdrawn from consideration.
- 5) ☐ Claim(s) _____ is/are allowed.
- 6) ☒ Claim(s) 1-18 is/are rejected.
- 7) ☐ Claim(s) _____ is/are objected to.
- 8) ☐ Claim(s) _____ are subject to restriction and/or election requirement.

Application Papers

- 9) ☒ The specification is objected to by the Examiner.
- 10) ☐ The drawing(s) filed on _____ is/are: a) ☐ accepted or b) ☐ objected to by the Examiner.
Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).
- 11) ☐ The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152.

Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119

- 12) ☐ Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).
- a) ☐ All b) ☐ Some * c) ☐ None of:
1. ☐ Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.
 2. ☐ Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No. _____.
 3. ☐ Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).

* See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.

Attachment(s)

- | | |
|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------|
| 1) <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) | 4) <input type="checkbox"/> Interview Summary (PTO-413) |
| 2) <input type="checkbox"/> Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) | Paper No(s)/Mail Date. _____ |
| 3) <input type="checkbox"/> Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08) | 5) <input type="checkbox"/> Notice of Informal Patent Application |
| Paper No(s)/Mail Date _____ | 6) <input type="checkbox"/> Other: _____ |

DETAILED ACTION

1. This Office Action is in response to the Applicants' amendment received on 03/18/2009.

Claim Status

2. Claims 10, 15, 16 and 17 are amended.
3. Claims 1 -18 are currently presenting for examination, with claims 1, 6, 7, 8, 10, 15, 16 and 17 being independent.

Duplicated Claim Objections

4. Applicant's arguments to objections of claims 1, 6, 10 and 15 are acknowledged. Therefore, objections to the claims are withdrawn.

Claim Rejections – 35 USC §101

5. Applicant's arguments to rejection of claims 1-9 under 35 U.S.C 101 is acknowledged. However, examiner is not persuaded.

As per Applicant's assertion that "the claimed invention is directed to a "system". A "system" by its definition is a "physical object" or a "machine", which are statutory under 35 USC §101", the examiner respectfully disagrees. It is noted that use of the word "system" does not inherently mean that the claim is directed to a machine. Only if at least one of the claimed elements of the system is a physical part of a device can the system as claimed constitute part of a device or a combination of devices to be a machine within the meaning of 101. In this case, claim 1 through 9 recites the use of various components and elements that would be reasonably understood by one of ordinary skill in the art to mean software, a software based component implementation,

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or an abstract concept based on software; the claims lack the necessary physical articles or objects to constitute a machine or a manufacture within the meaning of 35 USC 101. They are clearly not a series of steps or acts to be a process nor are they a combination of chemical compounds to be a composition of matter. As such, they fail to fall within a statutory category. They are, at best, functional descriptive material per se. Thus, claims 1-9 are non-statutory. Therefore, the examiner maintains the rejection to the claims.

6. Applicant's amendment to rejection of claims 10, 15, 16 and 17 under 35 U.S.C 101 is acknowledged. Therefore, rejections to the claims are withdrawn.

7. This action has been made **FINAL**.

Specification

8. The disclosure is objected to because of the following informalities: the term "processors", in lines 2 and 8 of claim 10, lines 2 and 9 of claim 15, lines 2 and 10 of claim 16 and lines 2 and 3 of claim 17, is not defined in the specification. Appropriate correction is required.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 101

9. 35 U.S.C. 101 reads as follows:

Whoever invents or discovers any new and useful process, machine, manufacture, or composition of matter, or any new and useful improvement thereof, may obtain a patent therefor, subject to the conditions and requirements of this title.

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10. Claims 1-9 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 101 because the claimed invention is directed to non-statutory subject matter.

11. Claims 1-9 are directed to system comprising software per se. Software per se is not a series of steps or acts and thus is not a process. Software per se is not a physical article or object and as such is not a machine or manufacture. Software per se is not a combination of substances and thus, is not a composition of matter. Therefore, software per se is not one of the four categories of invention.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

12. The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless –

(e) the invention was described in (1) an application for patent, published under section 122(b), by another filed in the United States before the invention by the applicant for patent or (2) a patent granted on an application for patent by another filed in the United States before the invention by the applicant for patent, except that an international application filed under the treaty defined in section 351(a) shall have the effects for purposes of this subsection of an application filed in the United States only if the international application designated the United States and was published under Article 21(2) of such treaty in the English language.

13. Claims 1-18 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(e) as being anticipated by Shinohara, US Patent Number 7,310,514 B2.

Regarding claim 1, Shinohara discloses a media delivering apparatus which delivers media data to a media receiving apparatus by way of a network, characterized in that said apparatus comprises:

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a parameter acquiring unit for acquiring at least one of a communication capability of said network, (e.g. control console (as a *parameter acquiring unit*) performs through the operation of a user, the entry of various types of data or instructions enabling or preventing transmission of multimedia messages, col. 8, lines 24-27. Shinohara further discloses: a transmission-origin mobile telephone can transmit a multi-media message after checking the processing capabilities of transmission-destination mobile telephones even when an external terminal is connected to a mobile telephone to extend the range of types and formats of multimedia messages that can be received, col. 8, lines 64-67-col. 9, lines 1-3), and a receiving capability of said media receiving apparatus as a parameter (e.g. Wireless unit (as a *receiving capability*) performs transmission and reception of data with a base station that constitutes a part of network by way of wireless lines, for example by CDMA wireless communication, col. 8, lines 21-24);

a media selecting unit for selecting media data to be delivered based on both a degree of media importance as a parameter assigned to each of said media data and at least the one of said communication capability of said network and said receiving capability of said media receiving apparatus (e.g. Data unit (as *media selecting unit*) stores and reads various data in accordance with instructions from control unit, col. 8, lines 30-31);

a transmission-data generating unit for generating metadata in which both address information indicating a location of said selected media data and presentation layout information indicating a presentation layout of said media receiving apparatus

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which is determined based on both the degree of media importance of said selected media data and at least the one of said communication capability of said network and said receiving capability of said media receiving apparatus are described (e.g. control console (as *transmission-data generating unit*) performs, through the operation of a user, the entry of various types of data or instructions enabling or preventing transmission of multimedia message , col. 7, lines 24-27);

a data transmitting unit for delivering said metadata to said media receiving apparatus by way of said network (e.g. control unit (as *data transmitting unit*) controls interface unit to performs transmission and reception of data with external terminals, col. 8, lines 44-49); and

a media communication unit for delivering said media data in response to a request from said media receiving apparatus which has received said metadata (e.g. MMS user database server (as *media communication unit*) receives entry information of transmission destination and the designation of the format that is to be transmitted and determines whether the entry information that is to be transmitted can be received at transmission-destination, then transmit the content of the multimedia message to each of transmission destinations, col. 7-col. 8, lines 1-9).

Regarding claim 2, Shinohara further discloses the media delivering apparatus, characterized in that said apparatus comprises a importance change monitoring unit for changing said degree of media importance in response to a change indication for changing said degree of media importance, and for notifying the change in said degree

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of media importance to the media selecting unit, and characterized in that said media selecting unit selects the media data to be delivered based on both the changed degree of media importance and at least the one of the communication capability of the network and the receiving capability of the media receiving apparatus, the transmission-data generating unit generates the metadata in which both the address information indicating the location of said selected media data which is selected based on both the changed degree of media importance and the presentation layout information indicating the presentation layout of said media receiving apparatus which is determined based on both the changed degree of media importance of said selected media data and at least the one of said communication capability of said network and said receiving capability of said media receiving apparatus are described, and the data transmitting unit delivers said changed metadata (col. 6, lines 29-52).

Regarding claim 3, Shinohara further discloses the media delivering apparatus, characterized in that said apparatus comprises a importance change monitoring unit for changing said degree of media importance in response to a change indication for changing said degree of media importance, and for notifying the change in said degree of media importance to the media selecting unit, and characterized in that said media selecting unit selects the media data to be delivered based both the changed degree of media importance and at least the one of the communication capability of the network and the receiving capability of the media receiving apparatus, the transmission-data generating unit generates a change command for changing the metadata which is

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generated before said degree of media importance is changed based on both the changed degree of media importance and at least the one of the communication capability of the network and the receiving capability of the media receiving apparatus, and the data transmitting unit delivers said change command (col. 7, lines 22-50).

Regarding claim 4, Shinohara further discloses the media delivering apparatus, characterized in that the transmission-data generating unit describes metadata including synchronization information indicating a timing for switching between screen displays in the media receiving apparatus in the metadata (col. 7, lines 23-39).

Regarding claim 5, Shinohara discloses the media delivering apparatus, characterized in that the transmission-data generating unit describes metadata including conditional branching information about at least the one of the communication capability of the network and the receiving capability of the media receiving apparatus which are used for determining the presentation layout of the media receiving apparatus (col. 7, lines 1-21).

Claims 6 and 7 recite “media delivering apparatus” are similar to claims 1, therefore claims 6 and 7 are rejected by the same reasons.

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Regarding claim 8, Shinohara discloses a media receiving apparatus which receives media data delivered thereto by way of a network, characterized in that 25 said apparatus comprises:

a data receiving unit for, based on both a degree of media importance as a parameter assigned to each of said media data and at least one of a communication capability of said network and a receiving capability of said media receiving apparatus as a parameter, receiving metadata in which both address information indicating a location of media data to be delivered and presentation layout information indicating a presentation layout of said media receiving apparatus are described (e.g. Wireless unit col. 8, lines 21-24);

a data analyzing unit for analyzing said metadata received by said data receiving unit (e.g. control console, col. 8, lines 24-27);

a real-time streaming protocol (RTSP) communication unit for making a request for delivery of said media data based on the address information described in said metadata analyzed by said data analyzing unit (e.g. interface unit, col. 8, lines 31-33);

a media receiving unit for receiving the media data delivered to said media receiving apparatus (e.g. Data unit, col. 8, lines 30-31); and

a media display unit for presenting the received media data based on the presentation layout information described in said metadata analyzed by said data analyzing unit (e.g. display unit, col. 8, lines 27-28).

Regarding claim 9, Shinohara further discloses the media receiving apparatus, characterized in that the data receiving unit receives a change command for changing the received metadata as the degree of media importance is changed, and the data analyzing unit interprets said change command received by said data receiving unit, and updates said received metadata (col. 7, lines 22-50).

Claims 10-18 recite “methods” are similar to claims 1-9, therefore claims 10-18 are rejected by the same reasons.

Response to Arguments

14. Applicant's arguments filed 10/21/2008 have been fully considered but they are not persuasive.

In response to applicant's argument on independent claims 1, 6 and 7: Shinohara fails to teach or suggest “*generating metadata in which both address information indicating a location of said selected media data and presentation layout information*”. The Examiner respectfully disagrees. Shinohara discloses “*generating metadata in which both address information indicating a location of said selected media data and presentation layout information*” in col. 7, lines 24-27 (e.g. control console (as *transmission-data generating unit*) performs, through the operation of a user, the entry of various types of data or instructions enabling or preventing transmission of multimedia message); and further in figure 4 (as *presentation layout information*), shows an example of the data (as *metadata*)

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that indicate the processing capability for each media type for each of mobile telephone that is store in MMS user database server.

In response to applicant's argument on independent claims 1, 6 and 7:

Shinohara fails to teach or suggest “*a parameter acquiring unit for acquiring at least one of a communication capability of said network*” and “*a receiving capability of said media receiving apparatus as a parameter*”. The Examiner respectfully disagrees. Shinohara discloses a parameter acquiring unit for acquiring at least one of a communication capability of said network,(e.g. control console (as a parameter acquiring unit) performs through the operation of a user, the entry of various types of data or instructions enabling or preventing transmission of multimedia messages, col. 8, lines 24-27. Shinohara further discloses: a transmission-origin mobile telephone can transmit a multi-media message after checking the processing capabilities of transmission-destination mobile telephones even when an external terminal is connected to a mobile telephone to extend the range of types and formats of multimedia messages that can be received, col. 8, lines 64-67- col. 9, lines 1-3), and a receiving capability of said media receiving apparatus as a parameter (e.g. Wireless unit (as a receiving capability) performs transmission and reception of data with a base station that constitutes a part of network by way of wireless lines, for example by CDMA wireless communication, col. 8, lines 21-24).

Shinohara further discloses in col. 8, lines 18-20 (e.g. mobile telephone₁₀₁ -10₄ comprises wireless unit, control unit, control console, display unit, data unit and interface unit). Therefore, it is understood that mobile telephone₁₀₁ includes “*a parameter acquiring unit for acquiring at least one of a communication capability of said*

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network”, “a media selecting unit for selecting media to be delivered”, “a transmission-data generating unit for generating metadata”, “data transmitting unit for delivering metadata” and “a media communication unit for delivering media data”. Therefore, Shinohara also discloses the limitations as recites in claim 8 (a data receiving unit for, based on both a degree of media importance as a parameter assigned to each of said media data and at least one of a communication capability of said network and a receiving capability of said media receiving apparatus as a parameter, receiving metadata in which both address information indicating a location of media data to be delivered and presentation layout information indicating a presentation layout of said media receiving apparatus are described (e.g. Wireless unit col. 8, lines 21-24);

a data analyzing unit for analyzing said metadata received by said data receiving unit (e.g. control console, col. 8, lines 24-27);

a real-time streaming protocol (RTSP) communication unit for making a request for delivery of said media data based on the address information described in said metadata analyzed by said data analyzing unit (e.g. interface unit, col. 8, lines 31-33);

a media receiving unit for receiving the media data delivered to said media receiving apparatus (e.g. Data unit, col. 8, lines 30-31); and

a media display unit for presenting the received media data based on the presentation layout information described in said metadata analyzed by said data analyzing unit (e.g. display unit, col. 8, lines 27-28)).

The Examiner respectfully submits that the Applicants' arguments only state that the cited reference fail to teach or suggest limitations recited in the claims, but do not appear to present any clarity or submit that the limitations are fully supported by the originally-filed specification. Applicant must discuss the references applied against the claim, explaining how the claim avoids the references or distinguish from them. For this reason, Examiner has full latitude to interpret each claim in the broadest reasonable sense (in re Morris, 127 F.3d 1048, 105455, 44USPQ2d 1023, 1027-28 (Fed. Cir. 1997)). Examiner references prior art using terminology familiar to one of ordinary skill in the art. Such an approach is broad in concept and can be either explicit or implicit in meaning.

For these reasons, this application is now considered. The teaching of Shinohara is anticipated the claims under 35 USC 102(e).

Conclusion

15. **THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL.** Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of

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the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the mailing date of this final action.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to CECILE VO whose telephone number is (571)270-3031. The examiner can normally be reached on Mon - Thu (9AM - 5:00PM EST).

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Tony Mahmoudi can be reached on 571-272-4078. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see <http://pair-direct.uspto.gov>. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free). If you would like assistance from a USPTO Customer Service Representative or access to the automated information system, call 800-786-9199 (IN USA OR CANADA) or 571-272-1000.

June 8, 2009
/Cam Y Truong/
Primary Examiner, Art Unit 2169

/Cecile Vo/
Examiner
Art Unit 2169

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